

Intelligent Space: Enhancing Living Environment with Smart Technology (Smart Room)

Dr. John Chembukkavu¹, Haritha As², Kevin Sevi³, Nithun K. K⁴, OustinBiju⁵,
Rahul Ranjith K⁶, Sijo A J⁷

¹HOD, EEE, IES College of Engineering, Chittilappilly, Kerala, India.

²Assistant Professor, EEE, IES College of Engineering, Chittilappilly, Kerala, India.

^{3,4,5,6,7} Student, EEE, IES College of Engineering, Chittilappilly, Kerala, India.

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Abstract: In the era of smart living, the integration of advanced technologies with in indoor environments has become imperative. This abstract presents a comprehensive solution for transforming conventional rooms into intelligent spaces through the implementation of a visitor counter System, air quality monitor, and an IoT-based room automation system. The visitor counter System utilizes state-of-the-art sensors and computer vision algorithms to accurately track and count the number of individuals within the room. Simultaneously, an air quality Monitoring system is incorporated to assess and maintain optimal indoor air quality. The integration of an IoT-based room automation system further enhances the smart room's functionality. Through the use of interconnected smart devices, occupants can customize their environment based on preferences, contributing to energy efficiency and overall comfort. This smart room solution is designed with a focus on user-centricity, energy efficiency, and sustainability.

1. INTRODUCTION

In the rapidly evolving landscape of technology, the concept of a "smart room" has emerged as a groundbreaking innovation in the realm of home automation. A smart room integrates various Internet of Things (IoT) devices and sensors to create an environment that is not only efficient and convenient but also responsive to the needs and preferences of its occupants. At the heart of a smart room lies the seamless integration of technology to automate tasks and provide real-time data insights, enhancing both comfort and productivity.

One of the fundamental aspects of a smart room is its ability to control switches and appliances remotely using a smartphone or other connected devices. This level of automation allows users to effortlessly manage their lighting, temperature, and other electronic devices with just a few taps on their phone, offering unparalleled convenience and flexibility. Whether it's turning off lights from the comfort of your bed or adjusting the thermostat while away from home, the possibilities are endless with IoT-based room automation.

Moreover, smart rooms are equipped with sensors such as Light Dependent Resistors (LDRs) to detect ambient light levels and adjust lighting accordingly. By automatically dimming lights in response to natural light conditions, smart rooms can enhance the overall ambiance and reduce electricity consumption.

Temperature control is another crucial aspect of a smart room, with sensors monitoring the room's temperature and adjusting settings accordingly. By intelligently regulating heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems, smart rooms can maintain optimal comfort levels while also minimizing energy waste. For instance, fans can be automatically turned on or off based on the temperature, ensuring a pleasant indoor climate without the need for manual intervention.

In addition to enhancing comfort and convenience, a smart room can also contribute to improved energy efficiency and cost savings. By implementing intelligent control algorithms and leveraging data from sensors such as occupancy detectors and motion sensors, energy consumption can be optimized based on actual usage patterns and occupancy levels. Furthermore, by monitoring air quality parameters such as CO2 levels, humidity, and particulate matter, a smart room can help create healthier and more sustainable living and working environments.

Another innovative feature of a smart room is the integration of visitor counting technology, which allows for the automatic tracking and monitoring of foot traffic within the space. By installing sensors at entry points or strategic locations throughout the room, it becomes possible to accurately count the number of people entering or exiting the premises in real-time. This functionality can be particularly useful in commercial settings such as retail stores, museums, or conference facilities, where understanding visitor flow and behavior can inform operational decisions and improve the overall customer experience.

Overall, the concept of a smart room represents a paradigm shift in the way we interact with our living spaces. By leveraging IoT technologies and automation, smart rooms offer unparalleled convenience, comfort, and efficiency. From controlling appliances with a smartphone to optimizing lighting and air quality, the possibilities are endless for creating a truly

intelligent and interconnected living environment. As technology continues to advance, the smart room will undoubtedly play a pivotal role in shaping the future of home automation and smart living.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

[1] IoT based enabling home automation system for individuals with diverse disabilities P. Anuradha a, K. Vasanth a, G. Renuka b, A. Rajeshwar Rao c (2023). This paper addresses the challenges faced by individuals with impairments, focusing on their specific needs. Moreover, the insights from this study can be applied to individuals who have encountered accidents or various similar circumstances. The primary objective of this endeavor is to mitigate their discomfort. The project demonstrates the creation of an affordable machine control system utilizing IoT technology.

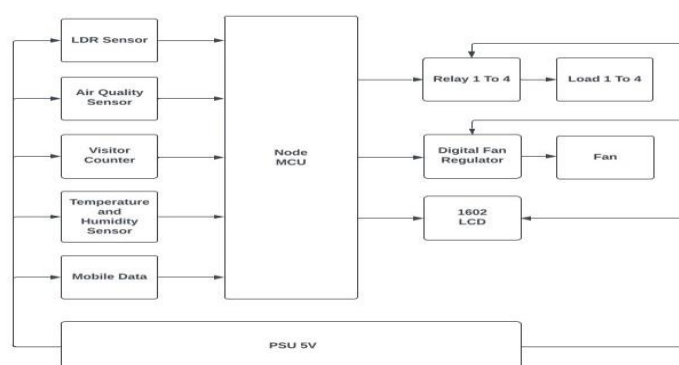
[2] Comparison analysis of IoT based industrial automation and improvement of different processes – review Author links open overlay panel V. Kamatchi Sundari a, J. Nithyashri b, S. Kuzhaloli c, Jayasudha Subburaj d, P. Vijayakumar e, P. Subha Hency Jose f (2021). In recent days, automation of process is playing an essential role in every industry. The quality, production rate and customer satisfaction are enhanced through automation process. The current situation every industry is facing problems such as process control and automation. The Internet of Things (IoT) has been introduced to solve the many industrial automation problems including metal to medical industries. The automation and improvement of different processes have been achieved through sensors, micro controller and LAN or wireless communications. This paper is focusing on IoT based automation and improvement of various process. A case study of performance of air quality has been studied.

[3] LoRa and server-based home automation using the internet of things (IoT) Rahabul Islam, Md. Wahidur Rahman, Rahmina Rubaiat, Md. Mahmodul Hasan, Md. Mahfuz Reza, Mohammad Motiur Rahman (2020). LoRa (Long-Range) has become the Deoxyribo Nucleic Acid (DNA) of the Internet of things (IoT) for equipping smart solutions. Home automation is responsible for providing a safe and stylish home. This paper proposes a capable architecture of home automation for both short-range and long-range utilizing multiple communication technologies, namely LoRaWAN, server-based LoRa gateway, and Bluetooth connectivity. This integrated system effectively controls distinct types of home appliances and keeps smart management among all the electronics components. Theoretical modelling and implementation of home energy management system using IoT based automation system Author links open overlay panel S. R. Paveethra, B. Barathi, M. Geethapriya, M. Arthi, V. Ahasthiya (2021).

[4] In this modern world a new technology is known as home automation has come into existence. Not only providing services for physically challenged people and elderly people but also it provides supporting system for the new modern world. The content in this paper summarizes the complete design which has been implemented. The Wireless Home Automation System which includes the application of voice recognition, makes this system simpler and easy to access.

[5] Secure and privacy preserving IoT gateway for home automation Author links open overlay panel Simge Demir, Şevval Şimşek, Sinem Gür, Albert Levi (2022). Internet of Things (IoT) applications have become widely popular for academic and industrial purposes in recent years. One of the most important applications in IoT is Home Automation Systems. Home Automation Systems consist of a number of devices in the home network that allow the homeowners to monitor and control their home from anywhere. However, connectivity to the internet and the simplicity of such devices raise a number of security and privacy concerns. In this paper, we propose a privacy preserving and secure identification and authentication model for Home Automation Systems.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

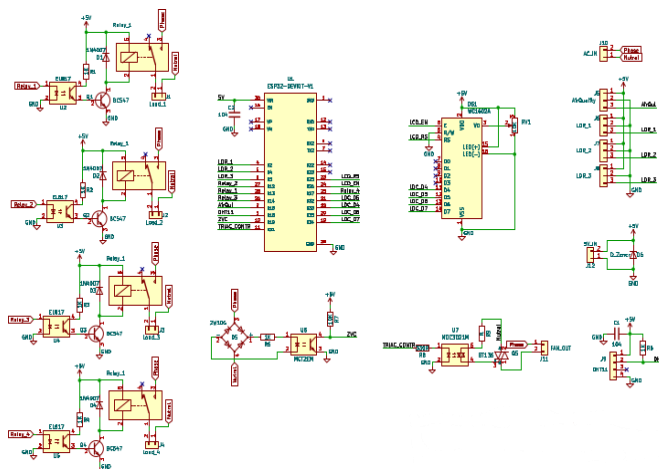


3.1 Block diagram

The system integrates an ESP32 microcontroller, which serves as the central processing unit for controlling various devices within the room. An LDR (Light Dependent Resistor) sensor is employed to detect ambient light levels. This sensor helps determine whether artificial lighting is required based on the natural light available in the room. When the LDR sensor detects low light levels, indicating that the room is dimly lit, the ESP32 triggers the lights to turn on automatically. Conversely, when sufficient natural light is present, the system ensures that lights remain off to conserve energy. The ESP32 can be programmed to control other electrical appliances or devices based on specific conditions or user preferences.

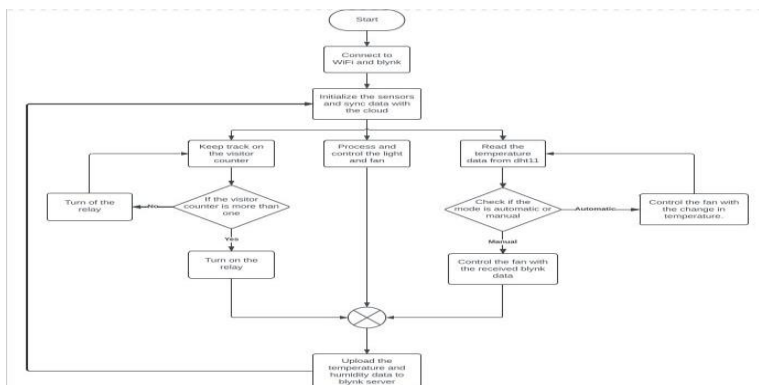
Temperature regulation is achieved by adjusting the speed of the room's ceiling fan based on real-time temperature readings. A temperature sensor, possibly integrated into the ESP32 or connected separately, continuously monitors the room's

temperature. As the temperature rises or falls beyond predetermined thresholds, the ESP32 adjusts the fan speed accordingly to maintain a comfortable environment. The system incorporates sensors to monitor air quality and humidity levels within the room. Air quality sensors measure parameters such as particulate matter (PM2.5, PM10), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), carbon dioxide (CO2), and other pollutants. Humidity sensors track the moisture content in the air to ensure optimal comfort levels and prevent issues such as mold growth or discomfort.



3.2 Circuit Diagram

The ESP32 processes data from these sensors and provides real-time feedback to users through a user interface, mobile application, or dashboard. Blynk is a IoT app used as a mobile application for controlling the switches. By the help of this app we can monitor temperature, humidity, persons enter in the room. And also control the light, change the speed of the fan using the digital slider or automatically by turning on automatic switch so the speed of fan changes according to the room temperature.



3.3 Flow Chart

The system employs laser sensors positioned at entry points to detect the movement of individuals entering or exiting the room. Each time someone passes through the entry point, the laser sensor detects the interruption in the beam, signaling an entry or exit event. An ESP32 microcontroller is responsible for processing these signals and incrementing or decrementing a visitor counter accordingly. The visitor counter data can be displayed on a digital screen or communicated to the user through a mobile app or other interfaces, providing insights into room occupancy and usage patterns.



Fig 3.4 Hardware Model

IV.SCOPE

Smart rooms, encompassed within the broader domain of home automation, hold significant promise in transforming the way we interact with our living spaces. The scope of smart rooms extends from enhancing convenience and comfort to optimizing energy efficiency and promoting security. These rooms are equipped with a network of interconnected devices and sensors that can communicate with each other and be controlled remotely through smartphones or voice commands.

One key aspect of smart rooms is their ability to automate routine tasks, such as adjusting lighting levels, regulating room temperature, and managing entertainment systems. Through intelligent scheduling and sensor data analysis, smart rooms can adapt to occupants' preferences and behaviors, providing personalized experiences tailored to individual needs.

Moreover, smart rooms contribute to energy conservation by optimizing the use of resources. They can automatically adjust lighting and HVAC systems based on occupancy patterns and natural light levels, thereby reducing energy waste. Additionally, smart meters and energy monitoring devices enable users to track their energy consumption in real-time and identify opportunities for further efficiency improvements.

Enhanced security is another vital aspect of smart rooms. Integrated surveillance cameras, motion sensors, and smart locks provide homeowners with remote monitoring and control capabilities, offering peace of mind and deterring potential intruders. Furthermore, smart security systems can send instant alerts to users' smartphones in case of suspicious activities or emergencies, enabling prompt action.

The scope of smart rooms extends beyond individual convenience to encompass broader societal benefits. For instance, in healthcare settings, smart rooms equipped with remote monitoring devices can facilitate telemedicine services, allowing healthcare providers to monitor patients' vital signs and health metrics from a distance. Similarly, in hospitality and commercial settings, smart rooms can enhance guest experiences and operational efficiency through personalized services and streamlined management processes.

V.CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the integration of a smart room system that includes people counting, air quality measurement, and IoT-based control of electrical appliances offers numerous benefits for both residential and commercial spaces. The amalgamation of these technologies creates an intelligent and responsive environment that enhances comfort, energy efficiency, and overall well-being.

The IoT-based control of electrical appliances adds a layer of convenience and energy efficiency. With the ability to remotely monitor and control devices, users can optimize energy usage, reduce costs, and contribute to sustainability efforts. Automation and smart scheduling further enhance efficiency by adapting to user preferences and environmental conditions. Collectively, these features create a synergistic smart room ecosystem that adapts to the needs of its occupants. As technology continues to advance, the potential for further integration and enhancement of smart room systems is vast. From personalized comfort settings to predictive maintenance based on data analytics, the smart room concept represents a significant stride toward creating intelligent, sustainable, and user-centric living and working spaces.

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